

A storm difficulty has arisen out of the Garden Fête lately held in behalf of the Alice Memorial Hospital, which we had hoped would have been overcome by the exercise of a little tact on the part of the Government. In the same way as the Public Gardens were lent for the Fête held to raise funds for the relief of the Flooded Districts in Kwangtung, the Gardens were placed at the disposal of the Committee for carrying out the arrangements of the fête for the Memorial Hospital. The happy idea of organizing such an entertainment was probably suggested to Mrs. Marsh by the success of that given on behalf of the Infundation Fund; and the result of the last Alice Fête has more than justified the unanimous verdict given of its success in every way. As might have been expected, however, the success of the entertainment, so far as numbers were concerned, did not tend to improve the condition of the Gardens. Five or six thousand persons perambulating about the ornamental flower-beds could not possibly conduce to the growth or preservation of the flowers, however orderly the crowd may have been. For special things, we understand the Committee of the Fête paid, altogether something like one hundred dollars; and the small matter now in dispute between the Committee and the Government is a sum of \$80 for damage to flowers, &c. The Committee, it appears, when called upon to pay this amount, declined to do so, on the ground, we believe, that it was not fairly within their duty; and, even allowing every credit to the Government, for zeal in defending public property and public funds, we think that the public revenue might have more reasonably been debited with the unavoidable cost of replacing a few plants, which a popular but orderly demonstration for a charitable object had unwittingly incurred. We understand, however, that H. E. the Acting Governor is bent upon obtaining the sum named, probably upon the score of precedent; and the question now arises, How can the small amount be best raised? It is not a large sum, but we are much mistaken if the public will not be anxious to take part in putting it together. The Committee may subscribe it among themselves; and one member of that body was desirous of paying it himself. Were it not for the trouble involved, in collection, five hundred ten-cent pieces could, we venture to say, be obtained in a few hours; and rather than have this amount paid out of the hands of some man by the Alice Fête, such or a similar sharing of the responsibility will probably be adopted. Had Mr. Marsh asked for a special vote for this purpose, not as we voice would have been raised against it. As it is, we would suggest that small donations towards the solution of this little difficulty might be forwarded to the Secretary by those interested in the Gardens, in the St. Helena, and in the effectual safeguarding of the public funds.

Tax India Printers' Gazette says:—The Nawab of Bahawalpur has at length been induced to take a greater interest in raising his subjects from their present state of ignorance and poverty. He has sent his son, the Prince of Bahawalpur, to the Government of India, to be educated at the Government College, Calcutta, and to be trained in the art of ruling. The Nawab has also sent his son, the Prince of Bahawalpur, to the Government of India, to be educated at the Government College, Calcutta, and to be trained in the art of ruling. The Nawab has also sent his son, the Prince of Bahawalpur, to the Government of India, to be educated at the Government College, Calcutta, and to be trained in the art of ruling.

A LITTLE volume of great interest to historical students has just been published in London. It is, as far as print can be a facsimile of manuscript, identical with the first volume of the Court Minutes of the East India Company. This manuscript consists of 120 leaf folios, written in the old Court hand of the Elizabethan period, and is preserved at the India Office. There it came under the notice of the late Mr. Henry Stevens, of Vermont, who conceived the idea of publishing it in facsimile with an introduction. The publication was afterwards undertaken by his son, and the volume now appears with a preface by the son and an introduction by Sir George Birdwood.

It was in the last of the folios of this volume that the first of those who are called "the old Court hand" of the Elizabethan period, and is preserved at the India Office. There it came under the notice of the late Mr. Henry Stevens, of Vermont, who conceived the idea of publishing it in facsimile with an introduction. The publication was afterwards undertaken by his son, and the volume now appears with a preface by the son and an introduction by Sir George Birdwood.

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shot by the Cape shortly afterwards, laden with wealth, made the Company wisely content with the route by 'ye Cape de St. Barbara.' The volume ends here; but it will be seen that it contains enough to be of very great interest.—*Editor.*

THE Paris newspapers publish the following telegram dated St. Petersburg, Nov. 23:—The *Norve Fremde* shows that the diplomatic relations between France and Russia are completely re-established, at a time when there may any day occur events which will lead to the return of the Russian Ambassador at London, and the Russian Ambassador at Vienna, to take leave of absence. In order that the departure of those diplomats should not be followed by that of Count Shouvaloff, it is necessary, adds the Russian journal, that Germany should weigh in the most serious manner all the consequences which the arrival of M. de Loubet at St. Petersburg and the return of M. de Mohrenberg to Paris may have. Russia has certainly proved sufficiently her sincere desire to preserve the friendship of Germany, but Prince Bismarck should understand that this desire will not lead the Russian Government to sacrifice its interests and dignity to the Chancellor of the German Empire.

Commenting on this telegram, the Times correspondent at Paris says:—If the *Norve Fremde* is to be considered an authorized organ on Russian international policy, this article is imprudent. If the *Norve Fremde*, on the other hand, has no such importance, then the telegraphing of this article is a dangerously useless act. In any case, whatever the result of the newspaper, or the telegraphic agency, the publicity given to the threat contained in the article forces it on general attention, and makes it necessary to discuss it. It seems at first sight, when these important sentences are read, that Russia is turning to account a little too conspicuously the fixed idea of Prince Bismarck, to present, at whatever cost, common action between Russia and Germany. It is too clearly evident that all the little animosity of Russia towards France has for its object to make the Franco-Russian alliance, which in at this time doubtful, a bugbear to Austria, thus forcing her to oppose Austria, and to bring to the aid of Russia the pressure that she can exert for compelling Austria to give the *Cisleithanische* in the Balkan Peninsula and on the Bosphorus. But it will not occur to any who consider the matter calmly that Prince Bismarck will be much alarmed at a Franco-Russian alliance, which is his highest diplomatic triumph.

SUPREME COURT.

IN ADMIRALTY.

(Before Sir George Phillips, Chief Justice, with Hon. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.)
Wednesday, Jan. 5.

RE COLLISION BETWEEN THE "NORDE" AND "ESPOIR."
The hearing of the action raised by Mr. M. O. Holm, owner of the Danish steamer *Norde*, against Lieut. H. M. S. *Esper*, for damage done to the former vessel by a collision with the latter, was commenced at 10 o'clock on Wednesday. A counter-action was raised, but the actions were consolidated.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

James H. Jacobsen said: I am chief steward on board the *Norde*. I was on board on 3rd November last. I remember the collision at 6.30. I was forward, under the bridge. The galley is a little abaft the bridge. I went forward because I heard a cry of 'port' from the bridge. I passed along the port alleyway, and saw the *Esper* coming from the starboard side. I saw the lights of the *Esper* and the *Norde* at the same time. I saw the lights of the *Esper* and the *Norde* at the same time. I saw the lights of the *Esper* and the *Norde* at the same time.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

out for land on both sides but certainly I looked out for land on both sides. I was far out for land on both sides. I was far out for land on both sides. I was far out for land on both sides. I was far out for land on both sides.

Chun Shing Kwang said: I am captain of the *Norde*. I was on board on 3rd November last. I remember the collision at 6.30. I was forward, under the bridge. The galley is a little abaft the bridge. I went forward because I heard a cry of 'port' from the bridge. I passed along the port alleyway, and saw the *Esper* coming from the starboard side. I saw the lights of the *Esper* and the *Norde* at the same time. I saw the lights of the *Esper* and the *Norde* at the same time.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

got a good swing on. When I ordered the helm, the *Norde* was not in danger of collision, green light being green. When I saw the red light I saw a collision was inevitable. Then, secondly, after I got to the quarter deck the vessel struck, my *Norde* struck the port bow of the *Norde*, at an angle of 30 degrees from forward.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

to determine that the vessel was crossing because up till a quarter of a mile she would open up but little and in the short space of time it was impossible to observe this. There was no danger, I thought, of colliding with the *Norde* until she was started. I could not know then that the *Esper* had started her helm.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Office, in the management of our affairs, having manifested some complaints in the Council, the opportunity has been seized to begin an attack upon the Council itself, which seems to be made responsible for the errors committed in London. The latter is signed 'L. Antelope,' one of the present memorialists.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor. Mr. Francis, instructed by Mr. Wilson, from the office of Messrs. Wotton and Dawson, appeared for the plaintiff; and the defendant, by Mr. J. H. G. Thomson, Assessor.

trade. These fellow-countrymen have not suffered, though competing on equal terms. In Bhano the competition will not be on even terms for many a long year to come, as the Chinese have correspondents in Western China, an advantage which their European rivals in Bhano are not likely to possess during the life-time of the present generation.

Another possible reason for Chinese disloyalty and treachery may perhaps exist in some of the traders of Bhano having taken to other avocations than trade, during the general anarchy of Theobaw's reign. We know that some of the leading Burmese officials were in partnership with the Chinese. It is possible that the years of depression which they must have gone through, some of the Chinese traders of Bhano may have taken to some other avocations. Among them there were men ready to fight when occasion required; and two or three years ago a band of about 300 Chinese took possession of Bhano, and Theobaw's army had great difficulty in wresting the town back from them. It is very unlikely that this small band of Chinese came from China itself. They are more probably a motley band of Chinese, Shans, and others, half Chinese, half Burmese, who have taken to trade in Bhano. When trade was thoroughly prosperous all these men would find ample employment as boatmen, carriers, and as escorts to caravans. In hard times they would be driven to idleness, and they probably constituted the Chinese force which took and held the town. Unless they had influential backing in the town, it would have been impossible for them to hold it as long as they did.

Of course we have no proof of this. It is mere supposition and inference; but if the trading classes of Bhano have been demoralized and lawless during the general anarchy of Theobaw's reign; and if, in addition to this, there is—as we know there is—an old and deeply rooted dread of European competition in the Western China trade; these two causes combined would amply account for the events which have taken place in Bhano. It is difficult to see why one should have to encounter disloyalty and treachery from a number of foreign traders, who can have no patriotic attachment to the rule which has been overthrown; and who are certain to seek to get away from the place as soon as they can, and to use their abilities and energy.

Quotations.
HONGKONG, January 5.
OPUM.—New Patin, cash, 512 1/2
" Old, cash, 512 1/2
" New Bonares, cash, 422 1/2
" Old, cash, 422 1/2
" New Malwa, cash, 500
" Allowance, Tael, 500/50
" Old Malwa, cash, 500/50
" Allowance, Tael, 500/50
" Perian, Paper, 400/455
" Allowance, Tael, 45 1/2

Exchange.
HONGKONG, January 5.
On London—
Bank, Wire, 3/3 1/2
" On Demand, 3/3 1/2
" 30 days' sight, 3/3 1/2
" 4 months' sight, 3/4
" 6 months' sight, 3/4
On Paris—
On Demand, 4 1/2
" 3 months' sight, 4 1/2
On New York—
On Demand, 81
" 3 months' sight, 82
On Bombay—
On Demand, 22 1/2
" 3 months' sight, 22 1/2
On Calcutta—
On Demand, 22 1/2
" 3 months' sight, 22 1/2
On Shanghai—
On Demand, 7 1/2
" 3 months' sight, 7 1/2
Gold Leaf, 100 lines, 63 1/2
Silver, 100 lines, 6 1/2

Temperature.
(Taken at Messrs. Folmer & Co.'s Premises, Queen's Road.)
BAROMETER—9 A.M., 30.120
Do, 1 P.M., 30.035
Do, 4 P.M., 29.930
THERMOMETER—9 A.M., 60
Do, 1 P.M., 60
Do, 4 P.M., 60
WIND—(Wind bulb) 9 A.M., 0
Do, 1 P.M., 0
Do, 4 P.M., 0
WIND—(Wind bulb) 9 A.M., 0
Do, 1 P.M., 0
Do, 4 P.M., 0
WIND—(Wind bulb) 9 A.M., 0
Do, 1 P.M., 0
Do, 4 P.M., 0

METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.
AT 4 P.M. TO-DAY.
Barometer, 30.04
Temperature, 64
Humidity, 64
Direction of Wind, N.W.
Force of Wind, 2
Weather, B.
Hongkong Observatory, January 5, 1887.

CHINA COAST METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.
JANUARY 4.—AT 4 P.M.
Station, Temperature, Humidity, Wind, Force, Weather, Rate of Rain.
Maula, 29.80, 78, 78, 10, 0, —
Haiphong, 30.00, 82, 81, 2, 0, —
Hongkong, 30.00, 82, 81, 2, 0, —
Amoy, 30.01, 83, 78, 2, 0, —
Fouchow, 30.02, 84, 79, 2, 0, —
Shanghai, 30.23, 40, 87, 2, 4, 0, off
Nagasaki, 30.23, 40, 87, 2, 4, 0, off
Wetook, 30.07, 5, 80, 2, 2, 0, off

Government Astronomer.
January 5.
1. Barometer, reduced to 33 degrees Fahrenheit, and to level of the sea in inches, tenths and hundredths.
2. Temperature, in the shade, in degrees Fahrenheit.
3. Humidity, in percentage of saturation, the humidity of air saturated with moisture being 100.
4. Direction of Wind, to two points.
5. Force of Wind, according to Beaufort's Scale.
6. State of Sky, by six signs, as follows:—1, clear; 2, light clouds; 3, moderate clouds; 4, heavy clouds; 5, rain; 6, snow; 7, hail; 8, fog; 9, mist; 10, drizzle; 11, sleet; 12, ice.

